노인재활

게시일시 및 장소 : 10 월 18 일(금) 08:30-12:20 Room G(3F)

질의응답 일시 및 장소 : 10 월 18 일(금) 10:00-10:45 Room G(3F)

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Factors associated with postoperative walking speed and distance after unilateral TKA

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Objective

This study was undertaken to determine the factors correlated with postoperative walking speed and distance at 3 month after unilateral total knee arthroplasty (TKA).

Methods

Cross-sectional data from 149 patients (23 males and 126 females; average age 72.1 \pm 6.4 years) who underwent unilateral primary TKA were analyzed. The instrumental gait analysis for spatio-temporal parameters, isometric knee extensor and flexor strength of both knees, 6 minute walk test (6MWT), timed up-and-go (TUG) test, timed stair climbing test (SCT), knee flexion and extension range of motion (ROM) of surgical knee, Western Ontario McMaster Universities Osteoarthritis Index (WOMAC) pain, stiffness, and functional levels, EuroQol five-dimensions (EQ-5D) questionnaire were assessed.

Results

In bivariate analyses, postoperative walking speed had significant positive correlations with cadence (r=0.35, p<0.001), stride length (r=0.66, p<0.001), propulsion index of surgical (r=0.48, p<0.001) and non-surgical knee (r=0.57, p<0.001), peak torque (PT) of the extensor of surgical (r=0.29, p<0.001) and non-surgical knee (r=0.24, p=0.003) and flexor of surgical (r=0.19, p=0.019) and non-surgical knee (r=0.19, p=0.021), 6MWT (r=0.41, p<0.001), EQ-5D (r=0.35, p<0.001), and significant negative correlation with gait cycle duration (r=-0.29, p<0.001), TUG (r=-0.51, p<0.001), SCT-ascent (r=-0.33, p<0.001) and decent (r=-0.42, p<0.001) and WOMAC pain levels (r=-0.16, p=0.048). The postoperative walking distance had significant positive correlation with walking speed (r=0.41, p<0.001), cadence (r=0.20, p=0.015), stride length (r=0.30, p<0.001), swing phase duration (r=0.17, p=0.034), propulsion index of surgical (r=0.43, p<0.001) and non-surgical knee (r=0.38, p<0.001), PT of the extensor of surgical (r=0.22, p=0.009) and non-surgical knee (r=0.17, p=0.035), EQ-5D (r=0.34, p<0.001), and significant negative correlation with gait cycle

duration (r=-0.22, p=0.007), double support duration (r=-0.19, p=0.021), TUG (r=-0.64, p<0.001), SCT-ascent (r=-0.62, p<0.001), decent (r=-0.42, p<0.001) and VAS of both knees (r=-0.30, p<0.001). In the multivariate linear regression analyses adjusted the age and sex variables, TUG (β =-0.023, p=0.002), cadence (β =0.003, p=0.007), stride length (β =0.006, p<0.001) and propulsion index of non-surgical knee (β =0.020, p<0.001) were factor correlated with postoperative walking speed. The SCT-ascent (β =-5.404, p=0.031) and descent (β =-5.881, p=0.018), TUG (β =-13.958, p=0.002) and propulsion index of surgical knee (β =7.767, p=0.006) were factor correlated with postoperative walking speed.

Conclusion

This study confirmed the performance-based physical function were important factors with walking speed and distance 3 month after TKA.

| Variables | Values | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Age (years) | 72.1 ± 6.4 | | |
| Sex, males/females | 23 (15.4) / 126 (84.6) | | |
| Height (cm) | 152.9 ± 7.1 | | |
| Weight (kg) | 60.1 ± 10.4 | | |
| $BMI(kg/m^2)$ | 25.7 ± 3.4 | | |
| K-L grades | | | |
| Grade 3 | 32 (21.5) | | |
| Grade 4 | 117 (78.5) | | |
| Lesion side | | | |
| Right | 89 (59.7) | | |
| Left | 60 (40.3) | | |
| Comorbidities | | | |
| Hypertension | 93 (62.4) | | |
| Diabetes mellitus | 27 (18.1) | | |
| Spine disease | 24 (16.1) | | |
| Osteoporosis | 77 (51.7) | | |

 Table 1. Demographic and Disease-related Characteristics of the Subjects (N=149)

Values represent mean ± standard deviation or number (%) of cases

The confidence interval of sex, K-L grades, lesion side, comorbidities are expressed in %.

Abbreviations: BMI, body mass index; K-L, Kellgren-Lawrence

| Variable | Correlation coefficients (r) Walking speed | Correlation coefficients (r) Walking distance (6MWT) | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Gait linear parameter | | | |
| Walking Speed (m/sec) | - | 0.41 | |
| Cadence (steps/min) | 0.351 | 0.20* | |
| Stride length (cm) | 0.661 | 0.301 | |
| Gait cycle duration (sec) | -0.291 | -0.22† | |
| Stance phase duration (% of gait cycle) | -0.02 | -0.02 | |
| Swing phase duration (% of gait cycle) | 0.07 | 0.17* | |
| Double support duration (% of gait cycle) | -0.09 | -0.19* | |
| Single support duration (% of gait cycle) | 0.09 | 0.13 | |
| Propulsion index of surgical knee | 0.481 | 0.431 | |
| Propulsion index of non-surgical knee | 0.571 | 0.381 | |
| Isometric strength test | | | |
| PT extensor of surgical knee (N·m·kg ⁻¹ BW %) | 0.29† | 0.22† | |
| PT flexor of surgical knee (N·m·kg ⁻¹ BW %) | 0.19* | 0.01 | |
| PT extensor of non-surgical knee $(N \cdot m \cdot kg^1 BW \%)$ | 0.241 | 0.17* | |
| PT flexor of non-surgical knee (N·m·kg ⁻¹ BW %) | 0.19* | 0.01 | |
| Deficit of extensor (%) | 0.10 | 0.03 | |
| Deficit of flexor (%) | 0.08 | 0.08 | |
| 6MWT (m) | 0.41† | 150 | |
| TUG (sec) | -0.51 | -0.64† | |
| SCT (sec) | | | |
| Ascent | -0.331 | -0.62† | |
| Descent | -0.421 | -0.63† | |
| ROM(degrees) | | | |
| Knee flexion | 0.06 | 0.13 | |
| Knee extension | 0.07 | 0.11 | |
| VAS | -0.15 | -0.30† | |
| WOMAC | | | |
| Pain | -0.16* | -0.01 | |
| Stiffness | -0.10 | -0.13 | |
| Function | -0.31 | -0.07 | |
| EQ-5D | 0.351 | 0.341 | |

Table 2. Correlation among Walking Speed and distance (6MWT), Gait parameter, Objective Performancebased Physical Function, Self-reported Physical Function at 3month after TKA

Values represent correlation coefficients (r)+

*p<0.05,†p<0.01+

Abbreviations: PT, peak torque; BW, body weight;6MWT, 6 minute walk test; TUG, timed up and go; SCT, timed stair climbing test; ROM, range of motion; VAS, visual analog scale; WOMAC, Westem Ontario McMaster Universities Osteoarthritis Index; EQ-5D, <u>EuroQol</u> five dimensions

| Outcome/Independent Predictor | Standardized β | p-value | Adjusted R ² |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Walking speed | | | 0.67 |
| TUG (sec) | -0.023 | 0.002 | |
| Cadence (steps/min) | 0.003 | 0.007 | |
| Stride length (cm) | 0.006 | <0.001 | |
| Propulsion index of non-surgical knee | 0.020 | <0.001 | |
| Walking distance | | | 0.51 |
| SCT-ascent (sec) | -5.404 | 0.031 | |
| SCT-descent (sec) | -5.881 | 0.018 | |
| TUG (sec) | -13.958 | 0.002 | |
| Propulsion index of surgical knee | 7.767 | 0.006 | |

Table 3. Factors correlated with Walking Speed and Distance by Multivariate Linear Regression Analysis at 3month after TKA

Abbreviations: TUG, timed up and go; SCT, timed stair climbing test;